

Order under Section 69 Residential Tenancies Act, 2006

Citation: RYCH Cojbasic & Christianson Investment group Inc. v Kiefl, 2022 ONLTB 11928 Date: 2022-11-14 File Number: LTB-L-020662-22

In the matter of:	204, 203 Catherine Street Ottawa ON K2P1C3	
Between:	RYCH Cojbasic & Christianson Investment group Inc.	Landlord

And

Jonathan Ryan Kiefl

Tenant

RYCH Cojbasic & Christianson Investment group Inc. (the 'Landlord') applied for an order to terminate the tenancy and evict Jonathan Ryan Kiefl (the 'Tenant') because the Tenant did not pay the rent that the Tenant owes.

This application was heard by videoconference on October 26, 2022.

The Landlord and the Tenant attended the hearing.

Determinations:

- 1. The Landlord served the Tenant with a valid Notice to End Tenancy Early for Non-payment of Rent (N4 Notice). The Tenant did not void the notice by paying the amount of rent arrears owing by the termination date in the N4 Notice or before the date the application was filed.
- As of the hearing date, the Tenant was still in possession of the rental unit.
- 3. The lawful rent is \$1,400.00. It is due on the 1st day of each month.
- 4. Based on the Monthly rent, the daily rent/compensation is \$46.03. This amount is calculated as follows: \$1,400.00 x 12, divided by 365 days.
- 5. The Tenant has not made any payments since the application was filed.
- 6. The rent arrears owing to October 31, 2022 are \$11,200.00.
- 7. The Landlord incurred costs of \$186.00 for filing the application and is entitled to reimbursement of those costs.
- 8. The Landlord collected a rent deposit of \$1,400.00 from the Tenant and this deposit is still being held by the Landlord. The rent deposit can only be applied to the last rental period of the tenancy if the tenancy is terminated.

- 9. Interest on the rent deposit, in the amount of \$22.79 is owing to the Tenant for the period from September 15, 2020 to October 26, 2022.
- 10. The Tenant requested relief from eviction in the form of a repayment plan. The Tenant suggested that he pay \$3,000.00 towards the arrears in the first month of the repayment plan and then \$2,000.00 a month towards the arrears in the remaining months. On this schedule it would take approximately 5 months for the arrears to be paid off.
- 11. The Landlord was opposed to the repayment plan.
- 12.1 am not satisfied that the Tenant would abide by a repayment plan if imposed. The outstanding arrears are extremely high, and the Tenant has made no payments towards those arrears since the application was filed. Additionally, the Tenant testified that he gained employment 5 or 6 weeks ago and yet there have still been no payments to the landlord. Finally, the Landlord and the Tenant did previously work out a repayment plan, but the Tenant did not abide by it.
- 13. The Tenant also requested relief from eviction in the form of a postponed eviction. The Tenant testified that he has been ill and in and out of hospital for approximately 6 months. During that time period the Tenant was intermittently out of work. The Tenant testified that that he is now back at work.
- 14. The Landlord was opposed to any postponement of the eviction.
- 15.1 have considered all of the disclosed circumstances in accordance with subsection 83(2) of the *Residential Tenancies Act, 2006* (the 'Act'), and find that it would not be unfair to postpone the eviction until November 30, 2022 pursuant to subsection 83(1)(b) of the Act. Postponing the eviction until the end of the month will hopefully give the Tenant time to either void this order or time to find new housing accommodations. However, I have decided not to postpone the eviction any further than November 30, 2022 because of the high amount of outstanding arrears.

It is ordered that:

- 1. The tenancy between the Landlord and the Tenant is terminated unless the Tenant voids this order.
- 2. The Tenant may void this order and continue the tenancy by paying to the Landlord or to the LTB in trust:
 - \$12,786.00 if the payment is made on or before November 30, 2022. See Schedule 1 for the calculation of the amount owing.
- 3. The Tenant may also make a motion at the LTB to void this order under section 74(11) of the Act, if the Tenant has paid the full amount owing as ordered plus any additional rent that became due after November 30, 2022 but before the Court Enforcement Office (Sheriff) enforces the eviction. The Tenant may only make this motion once during the tenancy.
- 4. If the Tenant does not pay the amount required to void this order the Tenant must move out of the rental unit on or before November 30, 2022.

- 5. If the Tenant does not void the order, the Tenant shall pay to the Landlord \$9,759.99. This amount includes rent arrears owing up to the date of the hearing and the cost of filing the application. The rent deposit and interest the Landlord owes on the rent deposit are deducted from the amount owing by the Tenant. See Schedule 1 for the calculation of the amount owing.
- 6. The Tenant shall also pay the Landlord compensation of \$46.03 per day for the use of the unit starting October 27, 2022 until the date the Tenant moves out of the unit.
- 7. If the Tenant does not pay the Landlord the full amount owing on or before November 25, 2022, the Tenant will start to owe interest. This will be simple interest calculated from November 26, 2022 at 4.00% annually on the balance outstanding.
- 8. If the unit is not vacated on or before November 30, 2022, then starting December 1, 2022, the Landlord may file this order with the Court Enforcement Office (Sheriff) so that the eviction may be enforced.
- 9. Upon receipt of this order, the Court Enforcement Office (Sheriff) is directed to give vacant possession of the unit to the Landlord on or after December 1, 2022.

November 14, 2022 Date Issued

Amanda Kovats Member, Landlord and Tenant Board

15 Grosvenor Street, Ground Floor Toronto ON M7A 2G6

If you have any questions about this order, call 416-645-8080 or toll free at 1-888-332-3234.

In accordance with section 81 of the Act, the part of this order relating to the eviction expires on June 1, 2023 if the order has not been filed on or before this date with the Court Enforcement Office (Sheriff) that has territorial jurisdiction where the rental unit is located.

Schedule 1 SUMMARY OF CALCULATIONS

A. <u>Amount the Tenant must pay to void the eviction order and continue the tenancy if</u> <u>the payment is made on or before November 30, 2022</u>

Rent Owing To November 30, 2022	\$12,600.00
Application Filing Fee	\$186.00
NSF Charges	\$0.00
Less the amount the Tenant paid to the Landlord since the application was filed	- \$0.00
Less the amount the Tenant paid into the LTB since the application was filed	- \$0.00
Total the Tenant must pay to continue the tenancy	\$12,786.00

B. Amount the Tenant must pay if the tenancy is terminated

Rent Owing To Hearing Date	\$10,996.78
Application Filing Fee	\$186.00
NSF Charges	\$0.00
Less the amount the Tenant paid to the Landlord since the application was filed	- \$0.00
Less the amount the Tenant paid into the LTB since the	- \$0.00
application was filed	
Less the amount of the last month's rent deposit	- \$1,400.00
Less the amount of the interest on the last month's rent deposit	- \$22.79
Total amount owing to the Landlord	\$9,759.99
Plus daily compensation owing for each day of occupation starting October 27, 2022	\$46.03 (per day)